MAEER' Arts, Commerce and Science College

F.Y.B. Sc. (Computer Science)

Subject: Introduction to Programming & 'C' Programming

Question Bank Chapter wise (Theoretical)

Chapter 1: Programming Languages

- 1. What are different types of computer languages?
- 2. Explain machine language.
- 3. Distinguish between Assembly language & Higher level language.
- 4. What is the difference between syntax errors & logical errors?
- 5. What are compilers? How do they differ from interpreters?
- 6. What is an Assembler?
- 7. What are source programs & object programs?
- 8. Compare and Contrast Interpreter & Compiler.
- 9. State advantages of high level & assembly language.
- 10. State two interpreters & two compilers.

Chapter 2: Problem Solving using Computers

- 1. What is an algorithm? What are the advantages of writing an algorithm?
- 2. What care should be taken while writing an algorithm?
- 3. Write an algorithm to calculate prime factors of an integer.
- 4. What is a flowchart? What are the principles of flowcharting?
- 5. Explain the flowcharting symbols with examples?
- 6. Draw a flowchart to calculate the sum & average of n numbers.
- 7. Draw a flowchart to check whether a given number is prime or not.
- 8. Draw a flowchart to generate N terms of Fibonacci series.
- 9. Draw a flowchart to calculate \mathbf{x}^{n} where x is real and n is an integer.
- 10. Draw a flowchart to find all divisors of an integer number N.
- 11. Accept the day of the week and display whether the day is a 'Working Day' or 'Week End'. Display proper 'Error Message' for all incorrect inputs.
- 12. Draw a flowchart to print the pattern:
 - 1
 - 12
 - 123
 - 1234

12345

Chapter 3: Introduction to C

- 1. Where was C developed by whom?
- 2. State the features of C language.
- 3. State the applications of C language.
- 4. Explain structure of C program.
- 5. What is the purpose of main () function?
- 6. Why C called middle level language?
- 7. Explain program development life-cycle.
- 8. What is the purpose of compiling?

Chapter 4: C tokens

- 1. State basic data types in C.
- 2. State user-define data types in C.
- 3. Explain the use of sizeof () operator.
- 4. Discuss the logical operators of C.
- 5. Discuss the relational operators of C.
- 6. Discuss the bitwise operators of C.
- 7. Define type casting with examples.
- 8. Explain working of conditional operator.
- 9. What is an escape sequence?
- 10. State the use of increment and decrement operators.
- 11. State the use of bitwise operators.
- 12. State the use of shift operators.
- 13. How the symbolic constants are define.
- 14. What is purpose of #include?

Chapter 5: Input and Output

- 1. State any four functions included in the header file ctype.h.
- 2. Which header file is use for input-output operations?
- 3. State two functions for reading the characteristics from the user.
- 4. What is the difference between puts() and putc()
- 5. What is the purpose of scanf() function? State any four format specifies use with scanf().
- 6. What is the purpose of printf() function? State any four format specifiers use with printf() statement with an example.

Chapter 6: Control Structures

- 1. What do you mean by sequential execution of a program?
- 2. What do you mean by repetition?
- 3. What is compound statement? Explain with the help of syntax diagram.
- 4. What is meant by control structure?
- 5. What is purpose of the while structure? Explain the execution of the while structure.
- 6. What is the purpose of do-while structure? Differentiate between while a do-while structures.
- 7. Explain the for control structures. Also, explain the role of control variables.
- 8. Write a short note on the nesting of control structures.
- 9. Draw a neat syntax diagram of the if statement and explain its execution with the help of suitable example.
- 10. Explain the purpose of switch statement. How does this structure differ from the others? Compare switch statement with if-else statement.
- 11. What is meant by label? What is the use of label?
- 12. What is a purpose of goto statement?
- 13. What are the drawbacks of using goto statement in a structured programming language?
- 14. What is a use of control structure?
- 15. Why compound statements are useful?
- 16. What is looping?
- 17. Differentiate between conditional and unconditional branching.
- 18. What is branching?

Chapter 7: Functions in C

- 1. What are the advantages of program modularization? How is programs modularization achieved in C?
- 2. What is meant by scope of variables?
- 3. Distinguish between local and global variables.
- 4. What is meant by parameters passing? How are they used?
- 5. What is difference between actual parameters and formal parameters?
- 6. What is a function? How are the functions declared?
- 7. Explain the concept of recursive with the help of suitable example.
- 8. Write recursive function to convert decimal number into binary number string.
- 9. Write a note on storage class of C.
- 10. What is the difference between automatic and static storage class.
- 11. Write a function to add all even numbers together and add all odd numbers together and print the even sum and odd sum. Accept the number range from the user.
- 12. Write a function to find out the GCD of 2 given integers.
- 13. Write a function to check whether the given year is a leap year or not. If it is leap year print 'Yes' else print 'No'.
- 14. Explain how to return more than one values from a function.

Chapter 8: Arrays

- 1. What is meant by array? Explain with the help of examples.
- 2. What do you mean by an index or subscript? What data types can be used for an index?
- 3. How do you declare an array? How do you access an individual array element?
- 4. What is meant by dimensions of an array? Explain two-dimensional array with suitable example. How do you declare two-dimensional array?
- 5. Why nested loops are required in some applications of multidimensional arrays?

Chapter 9: Pointers

- 1. What is a pointer? How is pointer initialized?
- 2. Differentiate between call by value and call by reference parameter passing techniques, with the help of examples.
- 3. Which are the advantages of dynamic memory allocation over static memory allocation?
- 4. Explain pointer arithmetic with example.
- 5. Illustrate the use of pointer to function by example.
- 6. Distinguish between (*a) [5] and *a [5].
- 7. Write a function to interchange the content of two variables (use pointer parameters)
- 8. Write a function which takes pointer to integer array as an argument and find the smallest number from array. Implement this function in main ().
- 9. Write a function using pointers to add two matrices and to return the resultant matrix to the calling function.
- 10. Given the following declarations

int a = 5, b=10;

int *x = &a, *y=&b;

Find the value of following expressions?

- (i) (*x)++
- (ii) (*x)
- (iii) *x + (*y) --
- (iv) ++ (*y) *x

Chapter 10: Strings

- 1. What are strings? How are they initialized?
- 2. What is the difference between scanf ("%s") and gets () function?
- 3. What do you mean by pointer to string? Explain with example.
- 4. Write a program that reads a string from a keyboard and check whether it is a palindrome or not.
- 5. Write a program to rewrite a given string in alphabetical order.
- 6. Example: The string NIRALI should be written as AIILNR.

- 7. Write a program to read list of cities from a keyboard and store into array. Search the given city in the list.
- 8. Write a program to read a string of alphabets, copy uppercase letters in 'upper' array and lowercase letters in 'lower' array.
- 9. Write a function which takes a string as an argument and returns the length of it without using standard library functions strlen ().

Chapter 11: Structures and Unions

- 1. How does the structure differs from array?
- 2. How does the union differs from structure?
- 3. Write note on nested structures.
- 4. What is the use of structure? Explain with example.
- 5. How is a structure declared and initialized? Give an example.
- 6. Can a function return a value of type 'pointer to structure?
- 7. What is the need for array of pointers to structures? Explain with an example.

Chapter 12: C preprocessor

- 1. What is command line argument?
- 2. Define command line argument? Specify the two arguments in detail.
- 3. Draw a data structure design of argc and argv where we have seven string pointers.
- 4. How to access command line argument? Explain with the help of simple program.
- 5. Write a program to copy the contents of one text file to other text file using command line argument.

Chapter 13: File Handling

- 1. Write a program that appends on file at end of another.
- 2. Write a program to copy the content of one file into another using command line arguments.
- 3. Write a program to count number of occurrences of all alphabets a to z from a given text file.

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Question Bank (Programming)

- 1. WAP to convert upper case character to lower case using function
- 2. WAP to find largest / maximum among three numbers
- 3. Swap two number (using 3rd variable or without 3rd variable)
- 4. To check whether the character is vowel or not using function
- 5. To find factorial of a number & Power of a number
 - i. By simple way
 - ii. By using user defined function
 - iii. Recursion function
- 6. To find sum of digit of a number. eg. 3582=3+5+8+2=18
- 7. To check whether entered year is leap year or not
- 8. To print equivalent ASCII value of digits from 1 to 255
- 9. To print Armstrong number between 1 to 500
- 10.To check the number is prime or not
- 11. To check the number is palindrome or not
- 12. To print n terms of Fibonacci series
- 13. To check the given number is perfect or not
- 14.WAP menu driven for Arithmetic operation
- 15.WAP for multiplication & division without using * & / operator
- 16.WAP to calculate sum of following series

 \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x}^2 \mathbf{x}^3 \mathbf{x}^n

i)
$$1+---++-++\dots$$

 $1! 2! 3! n!$
ii) $1+---++-+\dots$
 $1! 2! 3! 4! n!$
iii) $1+---++-+\dots$
 $1! 2! 3! 4! n!$
iii) $1---++--++\dots$
 $2^2 3^2 4^2 n^2$
iv) $\frac{1}{-++-++}+\frac{2}{-++--++}+\dots$
 $(x+1)(x+1)^2 (x+1)^3 (x+1)^4 (x+1)^n$
v) $\frac{1}{-++-++}+\frac{1}{-++-+}+\dots$
 $1 2 3 4 n$
v) $\frac{(x-1)}{1 2 3 4} n$
 $\frac{(x-1)}{1 2 3 4} n$

 $x^3 \quad x^5 \quad x^7$ vii) sin x = x - - + - + 1! 2! 3! viii) $1^2 \cdot 2^2 + 3^2 \cdot 4^2 \dots n^2$

17.WAP to print following patterns

1) * * * *	2) 1234	3) 1111	4) 2468	5) 123	3
* * * *	1234	2222	246	8 4	156
* * * *	1234	3333	246	8	789
* * * *	1234	4444	246	8	
6) A B C D	7) AAAA	8) A B C	9) *		
ABCD	BBBB	DEF	* *		
ABCD	СССС	GHI	* * *		
A B C D	D D D D		* * * :	*	
10) 1	11) 1 2 3 4 5	12) A	13)	A	
12	1234	AB	BE	}	
123	123	ABC	CC	С	
1234	12	ABC	D DD	DD	
12345	1	A B C	DE		
14) 1	15) 2	16) 1	17) 5 5	5555	
23	2 4	2 2		4444	
456	246	333		333	
78910	2468	444	4	22	

13

18) ⁻	1	19) 1*				20)		*					
	12	1*	2*						*	*	*		
1	123	1*	2*	3*				*	*	*	*	*	
1	1234	1*	2*	3*	4*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1	123												
1	12												
1	I												
21)	1		22	<u>?)</u>	12	2 3 4	32	1					
	212	2			1	234	32	1					
	3212	2 3				34	3						
	43212	34				4	ļ						
23) (01234	5432	10										
	0123	4321	0										
	012	3210											
	0 1	210											
	0	10											
		0											

18.WAP to swap a two number using user defined function

19.WAP function for Fibonacci series

20.WAP for add, sub, multi, div using switch & user defined function

21.WAP to sort array in ascending order

22.WAP to search a element in an array (linear search)

- 23.To print odd & even elements of array separately
- 24. For addition of two array
- 25. Print array in reverse order
- 26.Find average of an array elements
- 27.Enters today's date & find tomorrows date
- 28. Multiplication & subtraction of 1D array
- 29.To print min element & max element of an array
- 30. Transpose of given matrix
- 31.Addition of 2 matrix
- 32.Print right diagonal, left diagonal, upper triangular, lower triangular of matrix using switch
- 33. Matrix multiplication
- 34. To check the given matrix is identically matrix or not
- 35. To find sum of rows & sum of columns of matrix
- 36.Calculate string length
- 37.Copy one string to another without using library function
- 38. Concatenation of two string without using library function
- 39. Comparison of two string whether they are equal or not
- 40. To find maximum of two string
- 41. Reverse a string
- 42. To print rotation of a string (eg. WEL ELW LWE)
- 43.Input 5 names & display & find length of each name
- 44.WAP to print string in following format if str="WEL"

İ.	W	ii W	iii W
	WΕ	W E	WEW
	WEL	WEL	WELEW

Using Pointers the following program should be performed

- 1. WAP for addition of two numbers using pointers
- 2. WAP for swapping of two numbers using pointers & function
- 3. WAP to input 10 values & display using pointers
- 4. WAP to print array in reverse order (1D)
- 5. Addition of two array (2 D) using function
- 6. WAP to find length of string
- 7. WAP to accept two strings & compare them using pointer
- 8. WAP that copies one string into another string
- 9. WAP for concatenation of two string
- 10.WAP to print given number in reverse order
- 11.WAP to check given number is Armstrong or not
- 12.WAP to find sum of digit
- 13. Multiplication of two number without using multiplication operator
- 14. Division of two number without using division operator
- 15.WAP to check given number is prime or not
- 16.WAP to check given number is perfect or not
- 17.WAP to print 2 D array
- 18. To find recursive sum of digit 88=8+8=16=1+6=7
- 19.WAP to find factorial of number
- 20.WAP to find power of number
- 21.WAP to print Fibonacci series of a n numbers

Structure

1. Create a structure student (roll number, name, marks of 3 subjects, percentage).

Accept details of n students and write a menu driven program to perform the following

operations. Write a separate function for the different options.

i] Search

ii] Modify

iii] Display all students' details

iv] Display student having maximum percentage

2. Create a structure empolyee (id, name, salary). Accept details of n employee and write a

menu driven program to perform the following operations. Write a separate function for

the different options.

i] Search by name

ii] Search by name

iii] Display all employees' details

iv] Display all employees having salary>_____.

Command Line Argument & Preprocessor Directive

1. Write a program to accept three integers as command line arguments and find

minimum, maximum and average of three. Display error message if invalid nmber of

arguments are entered.

2. Write a program which accept two string and two character as command line

arguments and replace all occurrences of the first character by the second.

3. Define a macro EQUALINT which compares two parameters x and y and give 1 if

equal and 0 otherwise. Use this macro to accept pairs of integers from the user.

Calculate the sum of both.

4. Define a macro EQUALSTR which compares two strings x and y and give 1 if

equal and 0 otherwise. Use this macro to accept two strings from the user and check if

they are equal.